

Name: _____

Date: _____

Vocabulary Building Worksheet – Level VI – Week 14A

armor	archaic	starvation	parliament	carbon	archaeological
-------	---------	------------	------------	--------	----------------

DEFINITIONS: Select the correct word that matches the definition from the two words at the end of each line.

1. Very old fashioned – from an earlier time - not used anymore: _____ (starvation, archaic)
2. The national legislature of Canada, Israel and United Kingdom: _____ (parliament, armor)
3. A chemical element found in all plants and animals: _____ (archaeological, carbon)
4. Related to prehistoric people, cultures and their artifacts: _____ archaeological, carbon)
5. Metal covering worn by soldiers to protect them in battle: _____ (parliament, armor)
6. State of suffering or dying from lack of food: _____ (starvation, archaic)

DEFINITION CLUES: Choose the word that best goes with the statement or riddle. Write it in the blank space provided.

7. A soldier would need this if he was preparing to go into battle: _____
8. An element that is in all forms of life and makes up 18% of the human body by weight: _____
9. An animal that needed food and could not find it would be suffering from this: _____
10. Fossils, ancient building ruins and pottery, tools: _____
11. A hand crank telephone could be considered this: _____
12. This branch of government that passes laws : _____

FILL-IN-THE-BLANK: Read the sentence. Choose the vocabulary word that best goes in the blank space provided.

13. The **Periodic Table** is a chart of all elements known today. Elements are the same as atoms. Examples of elements include hydrogen, helium, oxygen, and even metals such as lead, copper and mercury. Elements are the building blocks of molecules. The Periodic Table has single and two letter abbreviations for each element. The element hydrogen is abbreviated as “H.” Oxygen is abbreviated as “O.” The letter “C” is the abbreviation for _____ and is found in every life form on earth.
14. Different countries are governed by different types of government. The United States is an example of a federal republic. In a republic, the citizens elect representatives to the House and Senate who then vote on laws that will affect the country. A republic technically differs from a true democracy in that the people themselves vote on public affairs in a democracy. Great Britain (which includes England, Wales and Scotland) has a different type of government called a Parliamentary Monarchy with the Queen as the head of state. She doesn't make the laws as that is done by the House of Commons and the House of Lords. The House of Commons and House of Lords together are called the _____.
15. Before electric dryers were invented in the early 1900's, families would dry clothes using a device called a “wringer.” You would put the clothes between two sturdy rollers and turn a crank to “squeeze” out the water. Using a wringer today would be considered _____ since there are faster methods.
16. Soldiers have long used protection to keep them from being injured in battle. Breastplates (which cover the chest), helmets (which cover the head) are all types of _____.
17. The Dinosaur National Monument is located between Colorado and Utah. Dinosaur beds were discovered in 1909 by Earl Douglass, a paleontologist from the Carnegie Museum of Natural History. His crew excavated thousands of fossils from this _____ site and shipped them to the museum for study and display. Woodrow Wilson proclaimed the dinosaur beds a monument in 1915.
18. The country of Kenya is on the central east coast of Africa. Like many Africans, Kenyans often rely on their own farming skills for getting enough food to eat. However, in 2005, Kenya was experiencing near catastrophic drought. Without enough rain, crops died, resulting in widespread _____.

Name: _____

Date: _____

Vocabulary Building Worksheet – Level VI – Week 14B

servant	sermon	meridian	persecute	jurors	worship
---------	--------	----------	-----------	--------	---------

DEFINITIONS: Numbers 1 through 7 show definitions of the list words. Select the correct word that matches the definition from the two words at the end of each line and write it in the blank space provided.

- Someone who works for another doing housework and chores: _____ (jurors, servant)
- The people who serve on a jury: _____ (jurors, servant)
- A speech based on text of scripture given by a member of the church: _____ (sermon, worship)
- To express love and devotion to God or a god: _____ (sermons, worship)
- Imaginary circle around the earth going through north and south poles: _____ (servant, meridian)
- To continuously harass someone because of religion, race or beliefs: _____ (persecute, meridian)

DEFINITION CLUES: Choose the word that best goes with the statement or riddle. Write it in the blank space provided.

- People that make up a group that decide the outcome of a trial are this: _____
- If you attend a church, you will probably here this: _____
- A person who cleaned your home for you would be this: _____
- A government would be doing this if they put someone in jail for their political beliefs: _____
- If you sang a song that told of your love for God or a god, you would be doing this: _____
- This type of vertical line around the globe is measured in degrees: _____

FILL-IN-THE-BLANK: Read the sentence. Choose the vocabulary word that best goes in the blank space provided.

- Socrates was a great philosopher in Athens, Greece who lived from 469-399 B.C. He was considered by many to be the wisest man in Athens, Greece. He felt his calling in life was to search for wisdom and how he might guide the intellectual and moral improvement of the citizens of Athens. At age 70, Socrates was tried, convicted and sentenced to death by the courts of democratic Athens. His crime was not believing in ancestral gods and corrupting the youth. Socrates' trial had a jury of 500 people. These 500 _____ were all men, but from different social classes. Socrates then ended his own life by drinking poison.
- The Crusades were a series of wars by European Christians between the 11th and 14th centuries to recover the Holy Land from Muslims. The Holy Land includes areas in Israel and Palestine. These areas have important religious and historical value for both Christians and Muslims. The first Crusade was launched in 1095 with the purpose of conquering the sacred city of Jerusalem and the Holy Land and freeing the Eastern Christians from Muslim rule. In today's society, we need to respect others of different religious beliefs and understand that all religions strive for the good of man. Unfortunately, during the Crusades, some governments would _____ those who believed differently than they would like.
- A special longitude line goes completely around the earth passing through the north and south poles. One half of the circular line is defined to be 0 degrees and passes through the Royal Greenwich Observatory in London, England. This half is called the Prime _____ and is used as the starting point for longitude lines and also the location of worldwide Universal time.
- Jonathan Edwards was a minister in Enfield, Connecticut in 1741. During one of his church services, people were reported weeping, swooning and crying out. He is famous for this emotional _____.
- A *serf* is a term that is synonymous with slave. This differs from a _____ who is paid to work.
- The Parthenon is a sacred temple built in Athens, Greece around 450 B.C. It is considered a masterpiece of Greek architecture. In the 6th century it became a Christian church and then served as a mosque for Muslims. Christians and Muslims both believe in God, but _____ in their own personal way.

Name: _____

Date: _____

Vocabulary Building Worksheet – Level VI – Week 14C

organization	organisms	Portugal	Portuguese	mourn	roar
--------------	-----------	----------	------------	-------	------

DEFINITIONS: Write the word that matches the definition in the blank space below. Teachers should briefly review all 7 words above with students before having them begin the exercise.

1. Single forms of life such as plants, animals, bacteria, etc.: _____ (organisms, Portugal)
2. Country located in southwestern Europe between Atlantic Ocean and Spain: _____ (roar, Portugal)
3. Adjective referring to people or matters related to Portugal: _____ (Portuguese, mourn)
4. To be very sad and grieve for someone who has died: _____ (Portuguese, mourn)
5. To make a loud, deep noise: _____ (roar, organization)
6. People working together in a business – also, to be organized: _____ (roar, organization)

DEFINITION CLUES: Choose the word that best goes with the statement or clue. Write it in the blank space provided.

7. People, grasshoppers, frogs, fish, bacteria, fungi and Gooney birds are examples of this: _____
8. A group of people who come together to educate others about illegal drug use is this: _____
9. If someone very close to you died, you would do this: _____
10. Western most country of mainland Europe: _____
11. Language spoken by the people of Portugal would be this: _____
12. A lion often does this at nighttime to announce his presence: _____

FILL-IN-THE-BLANK: Read the sentence. Choose the vocabulary word that best goes in the blank space provided.

13. The Iberian Peninsula (also called Iberia) is the land mass that creates southwest Europe sandwiched between the Atlantic Ocean and Mediterranean Sea. A Muslim force of 7,000 fighters attacked and began taking control of Iberia in 711 A.D. After 10 years, the Christian military organized and came back in an attempt to reclaim their land in 722 with the Battle of the Covadonga. This battle is known as the beginning of the *Reconquista*, or the *Christian Reconquest*. This battle was the first major victory by a Christian military force. For the next 750 years there were many battles fought in Iberia between Christians and Muslims. On January 2, 1492, the last Muslim ruler surrendered resulting in a united Christian Iberia. Today, the Iberian Peninsula includes the countries France, Spain and _____.
14. Vasco da Gama was one of the most successful European explorers. In 1497, he led four ships that were the first to sail south from Portugal around South Africa and back up to India. He is credited with organizing successful spice trading with India which greatly improved the _____ economy.
15. **Unicellular** means life having one single cell while **multicellular** means life having many cells. Amoebas are examples of unicellular _____ while plants are examples of multicellular.
16. The **Pope** is the spiritual leader of the Roman Catholic Church. He is the Bishop of Rome. A bishop is a person who supervises numerous churches. The Pope lives in Vatican City in Italy. Pope John Paul II died April 2, 2005. A crowd of over 2 million in Vatican City came to _____ his death.
17. The lion is a large carnivore of the cat family and found in open country in Africa. Males weigh up to 400 pounds (180 kg) and have manes growing from the head, neck and shoulders. They hunt antelope, zebra and other large **herbivores**. To advertise their presence, lions will often _____ at night and can be heard from a distance of 5 miles (8 km).
18. *Give a man a fish and you feed him for a day - Teach a man to fish and you feed him for a lifetime.* This is a Chinese Proverb that stresses the importance of education for solving problems. There is a benevolent group dedicated to reducing global hunger and poverty. It provides gifts of livestock and plants as well as education in sustainable agriculture. The name of this _____ is Heifer International.

Name: _____

Date: _____

Vocabulary Building Worksheet – Level VI – Week 14D

actor	factor	spectacular	vascular	liberator	generator
-------	--------	-------------	----------	-----------	-----------

DEFINITIONS: Numbers 1 through 7 show definitions of the list words. Select the correct word that matches the definition from the two words at the end of each line and write it in the blank space provided.

1. A number that can be divided exactly into a larger number: _____ (actor, factor)
2. A person who performs in the theater, movies, television, etc.: _____ (actor, factor)
3. A person who sets someone free: _____ (vascular, liberator)
4. Channels used for transporting body fluids: _____ (vascular, liberator)
5. A machine that produces electricity by turning a magnet inside a coil of wire: _____ (generator, spectacular)
6. Remarkable or dramatic: _____ (generator, spectacular)

DEFINITION CLUES: Choose the word that best goes with the statement or riddle. Write it in the blank space provided.

7. Fourteen can be divided evenly by 1, 2, 7 and 14. Therefore, these numbers would be this: _____
8. A person who played a part in any movie would be this: _____
9. A fireworks display could be described as this: _____
10. A stroke results when an artery or vein ruptures. Therefore, it would be this type of injury: _____
11. This device makes electricity when a coil of wire moves through a magnetic field: _____
12. A leader who freed his people from tyrannical rule would be this: _____

FILL-IN-THE-BLANK: Read the sentence. Choose the vocabulary word that best goes in the blank space provided.

13. The Spanish conquistadors had demonstrated their military superiority in South America beginning in the 1500's, capturing much of Central and South America for Spain. Simon Bolivar was born July 24, 1783 in Caracas, Venezuela. (Venezuela is a country located on the northern coast of South America.). Bolivar decided it was time his country gained independence. In 1810, Bolivar joined a friend Francisco de Miranda in a revolt against the Spanish and quickly occupied the capital city Caracas. However, Spain soon recaptured the city, although Bolivar escaped capture. After a few loses, Bolivar and his men fought and freed 6 modern South American countries from Spain's rule. Bolivar is now remembered in history as a great _____ of South America.
14. The human **circulatory system** consists of the heart, blood and blood vessels. Blood travels through the lungs where it picks up oxygen from an inhaled breath of air. The blood is then pumped by the heart to all parts of the body. An average size adult contains 5 to 6 quarts of blood. Blood consists of plasma which contains the red blood cells (which carry oxygen), white blood cells (which fight bacteria and viruses) and platelets (which clot to stop bleeding in an injury). The tube-like arteries, veins and capillaries that carry our blood is called the _____ system.
15. Marlon Brando and Jimmy Stewart played in many movies back in the mid 1940's and 50's. Marlon Brando died at age 80 and is often described as the greatest _____ of his generation.
16. To change a fraction into lowest terms you need to find a single number that can be divided into both the numerator (top number) and denominator (bottom number). This single number would also be a _____ of both the numerator and denominator.
17. A **hydroelectric plant** uses the **renewable resource** of water in a river to make electricity. The water spins a turbine which then turns a _____ that makes electricity.
18. Watching creatures from another planet land a spacecraft on earth would be a _____ event.